

Year 1 Phonics Check and the Australian Curriculum

The Year 1 Phonics Check assesses students' decoding skills across words of increasing complexity. The decoding skills it assesses are aligned to the <u>Australian Curriculum</u> V9 and the <u>Literacy general capability</u> (<u>Literacy learning progression</u>).

The <u>F-10 Australian Curriculum: English</u> sets out the knowledge and skills that students need to develop to become independent and efficient users of Standard Australian English.

The Literacy learning progression outlines indicators of literacy development that students reach as their knowledge and skills develop. It provides teachers with a conceptual tool to develop targeted teaching and learning programs for students who are working above or below year-level expectations.

In the Literacy learning progression, Phonic knowledge and word recognition (PKW) is one of four sub-elements of Reading and viewing and is closely related to the sub-element of Phonological awareness (PhA).

While the Literacy learning progression provides a logical sequence, not all students will progress through every level in a uniform manner. The progression is not intended to advise schools on how to teach, plan, program, assess or report, but it can be a valuable tool to design learning matched to each student's current developmental needs.

The tables below show how the types of words assessed in the Year 1 Phonics Check align with the Australian Curriculum V9 and the Literacy learning progression.





Phonics Check section 1: simple word structures

(for example, CVC, CCVC and CVCC words)

Year 1 Phonics Check types of words	Australian Curriculum: English F 1	Literacy learning progression		
Single letters	Achievement standard: Foundation	Phonological awareness		
	They orally blend and segment phonemes in single-syllable words.	Level 3 (F)		
	They name the letters of the English alphabet and know and use the most common sounds (phonemes) represented by these letters (graphs). They read words including consonant-vowel-consonant words and some high-frequency words.	Phonic knowledge and word recognition Level 3 (F) VC, CVC Level 4 (F-Y1) VC, CVC		
	AC9EFLY09 recognise and generate rhyming words, alliteration patterns, syllables and sounds (phonemes) in spoken words (phonological awareness)			
	AC9EFLY10 segment sentences into individual words; orally blend and segment single-syllable spoken words; isolate, blend and manipulate phonemes in single syllable words (phonological awareness)			
	AC9EFLY11 recognise and name all upper- and lower-case letters (graphs) and know the most common sound that each letter represents			
	AC9EFLY12 write consonant-vowel-consonant (CVC) words by representing sounds with the appropriate letters, and blend sounds associated with letters when reading CVC words			
	Achievement standard: Year 1			
	They blend short vowels, common long vowels, consonants and digraphs to read one-syllable words.			
	AC9E1LY09 segment words into separate phonemes (sounds) including consonant blends or clusters at the beginning and ends of words (phonological awareness)			
	AC9E1LY10 orally manipulate phonemes in spoken words by addition, deletion and substitution of initial, medial and final phonemes to generate new words (phonological awareness)			





Phonics Check section 1: simple word structures (continued)

Year 1 Phonics Check types of words	Australian Curriculum: English F 1	Literacy learning progression
Some consonant digraphs (sh, qu, ss, ch, ck)	Achievement standard: Year 1 They blend short vowels, common long vowels, consonants and digraphs to read one-syllable words. They read one- and two-syllable words with common letter patterns, and an increasing number of high-frequency words. AC9E1LY11 use short vowels, common long vowels, consonant blends and digraphs to write words, and blend these to read one- and two-syllable words	Phonological awareness Level 4 (F-Y1) Level 5 (Y1) Phonic knowledge and word recognition Level 5 (Y1) CCVC, CVCC
Frequent and consistent vowel digraphs (oi, ar, ee, or, ay, oa, ue, ai, ea)	Achievement standard: Year 1 They blend short vowels, common long vowels, consonants and digraphs to read one-syllable words. AC9E1LY11 use short vowels, common long vowels, consonant blends and digraphs to write words, and blend these to read one- and two-syllable words AC9E1LY12 understand that a letter can represent more than one sound and that a syllable must contain a vowel sound	Phonic knowledge and word recognition Some Level 5 (Y1) Some Level 6 (Y1) Some Level 7 (Y2)



Phonics Check section 2: variety of more complex word structures

(for example, CCVCC, CCCVCC and two-syllable words)

Year 1 Phonics Check types of words	Australian Curriculum: English 2	Literacy learning progression
Less frequent and consistent vowel digraphs, including split digraphs	Achievement standard: Year 2 They use phonic and morphemic knowledge, and grammatical patterns to read unfamiliar words and most high-frequency words. AC9E2LY09 manipulate more complex sounds in spoken words and use knowledge of blending, segmenting, phoneme deletion and phoneme substitution to read and write words AC9E2LY10 use phoneme-grapheme (sound-letter/s) matches, including vowel digraphs, less common long vowels patterns, consonant clusters and silent letters when reading and writing words of one or more syllables, including compound words	Phonic knowledge and word recognition Some PKW5 (Y1) PKW6 (Y1) Some PKW7 (Y2)
Trigraphs (igh)	Not mentioned specifically	Phonic knowledge and word recognition
Other items	Achievement standard: Year 2 They use phonic and morphemic knowledge, and grammatical patterns to read unfamiliar words and most high-frequency words. AC9E2LY10 use phoneme-grapheme (sound-letter/s) matches, including vowel digraphs, less common long vowels patterns, consonant clusters and silent letters when reading and writing words of one or more syllables, including compound words AC9E2LY11 use knowledge of spelling patterns and morphemes to read and write words whose spelling is not completely predictable from their sounds, including high-frequency words AC9E2LY12 build morphemic word families using knowledge of prefixes and suffixes	Phonic knowledge and word recognition Level 5 (Y1) Level 6 (Y1) Level 7 (Y2) Level 8 (Y2 and Y3)